

CARUSO'S SHARE VOICE PRESERVED FOR ALL TIME ON RECORDS
Golden Notes of World's Greatest Tenor Will Never Be Lost.
SONGS NOT YET HEARD
One of the List Includes a Thanksgiving for His Recovery.
LOYALTIES GO TO HEIRS
Come in Last Few Years Averaged \$150,000 a Year From This Source Alone.

The voice of Caruso will be heard long as there are men on earth to hear it. A question as to the durability of the records was thus answered last night by C. G. Child, director of the recording laboratory of the Victor Talking Machine Company.
"Records which have been made and preserved in such a way that they can be handed on from generation to generation without loss or deterioration. The master matrices are made in such a way that there is absolutely no loss or change, and the negatives can be made from them for all time."
And as long as the records are sold, the heirs of Caruso will receive the cash royalty that he received, which was 10 per cent. of the list price on each record. The New York Herald can say with authority that Caruso's total income from this source since 1906 was more than \$500,000, and that his annual income for several years past was more than \$150,000. His latest contract, made in 1910, was to run for a period of twenty-five years, to end in 1935, and was to continue to sing for records for the Victor company during that period, and it was agreed that royalties on all sales made after his death were to go to his heirs.
Many Records Never Heard.
Furthermore, there are between thirty and twenty-five Caruso records which the public has never heard, but which it will hear in due time. The two made were sacred songs—*"Gloria Dei"* and *"Agnus Dei"*. The latter is on sale, the latter is not. As to the new selections, said Mr. Child, "Caruso was with us several years ago last June and again September after his summer rest, made a great many records which have not yet been listed, and which, in respect to our dear friend, will be held back for a little time before being put out. In one of our last interviews with Caruso we went over his list of records quite carefully with him. I asked him to express his preference for the order in which they should be put out, but I persuaded him to let me have his own say. The records were to be presented to the public, and he then went over the list, saying that as he would like to have an appearance."
The tenor made his first records in 1902. The very first was "Elena Mobile," from "Rigoletto." Beginning with 1903 he made them in his country at the laboratory of the Victor company in Camden.
His first contract ran two years. It was signed a five-year contract and it came to an end the twenty-five-year contract was made. The last contract guaranteed him a certain sum to be paid even if the royalties fell short. The royalties invariably exceeded the guarantee, Mr. Child said.
Own Song on One Record.
One of the yet unissued records is a song for which Caruso himself wrote the words. The air is an old one of Salvatore Rosa, a melody written for a violin and small orchestra. After finding the proper words he rearranged the music. The Victor company had intended to put it before the public in 1920, but he had decided to wait until Mr. Child said.
Mr. Child and Caruso were intimate friends for nearly twenty years. "Of course, and employees of the Victor company," said Mr. Child, "like feel great grief at the loss, not only of the art, but of the man we held in such respect and esteem. To me, personally, his death is a great shock. I have lost a close friend, a man who is very close and very precious to me. No business man I have met ever more seriously his obligations to the public or more conscientiously fulfilled his promise. I have known him since his first appearance in America in 1903, and have had from the beginning of our acquaintance the greatest respect and admiration for him. I have never an unkind word or a selfish thought in my mind. His loss is very great, not only to the public who knew him as an artist, but to the special privilege of knowing the man so intimately."
Requests have been many that Caruso make some statement as to the future of his voice, or that he should make a selection of his records to be put out. He has refused to do this, and has expressed the opinion that he would like to have his voice preserved for all time.

Italian Court to Hold Caruso's Possessions
LONDON, Aug. 4 (Thursday).—A despatch to the London Times from Milan says the court at Naples has decided to sequester all of Caruso's possessions until the court has passed judgment on Mrs. Caruso's claims, made on behalf of her daughter, who, according to Italian law, is entitled to share in the patrimony.
KING PAYS TRIBUTE IN CARUSO FUNERAL
By His Permission Services Will Be Held at Church Resembling Pantheon.
ALL ITALY SHOWS GRIEF
American Ambassador Places His Services at Disposal of Great Tenor's Widow.
By the Associated Press.
NAPLES, Aug. 3.—All day the body of Enrico Caruso lay in the room where he died, for at the last moment it was decided that the burial should not take place until to-morrow. By special permission of King Victor Emanuel, services will be held in the Basilica of the Church of San Francesco di Paola, a famous edifice resembling the Pantheon at Rome, constructed by Ferdinand I. in 1817-81.
After this ceremony the body will be taken to the cemetery and placed in the vault. The Mayor and Prefect of Naples will speak in behalf of the city and Government, respectively, and it is probable that the American Consul will deliver a brief address in behalf of the American Government and the city of New York, which Caruso called his second home.
Mrs. Caruso to-day told the Associated Press that her husband's last words were: "Let me sleep."
Until a few hours before death, Mrs. Caruso added, the singer had expressed the hope that he would recover, saying: "I must get well because I must return to the United States and fulfill my contract."
The little daughter, Gloria, was taken in to see the body of her father to-day. She only knew that something dreadful had happened, as her father could not speak to her. Mrs. Caruso is hearing her sorrow with fortitude.
Caruso, according to estimates in the newspapers, left a fortune of about \$300,000. (The normal value of the Caruso estate is estimated at the sum of \$500,000. At the present rate of exchange it would be equivalent to \$1,243,000.)
The sculptor Ciarraello took a death mask of Caruso. The Mayor and Municipal Council of Naples solemnly commemorated the famous singer, whose death, the Mayor declared, was an irreparable loss to Italian lyric art.
Naples is in truth a city of mourning, and from all parts of Italy have come expressions of grief, many of them of a tender nature, because of late years Caruso had by the mastery of his art and his kindness of heart found his way into the warm affections of the people. Therefore of the thousands who passed his bier to-day there was none whose personal grief was not apparent.
One of the most touching scenes occurred when the widow of the tenor, Signora Maria Castaldi, came to the hotel to inquire how Caruso was faring. She was met at the entrance by Giolitti, the Mayor, who informed her of Caruso's death. The aged woman was overcome with grief. She then entered the Church of the Holy Spirit and knelt beside the body and prayed.
Tuesday morning his aged stepmother came to the hotel, hoping for his recovery. She met an intimate friend of the family and greeted him with the query: "How is Enrico?" The friend, unable to answer, burst into tears, and the stepmother, with dire forebodings, was led upstairs, where she broke into cries of anguish and fell on her knees by the bedside. She remained there until the end.
The American Ambassador, Richard Washburn Child, has sent the following message to Mrs. Enrico Caruso: "All the personnel of the embassy join with me in expressing our profound grief at the death of the greatest of the world. America feels as much as Italy the loss of him whose heart and voice were of gold. We are at your disposal for whatever aid we can be of."
MRS. CARUSO TO SETTLE TENOR'S ESTATE IN U. S.
Will Return to Naples and Make Her Home There.
LONDON, Aug. 4 (Thursday).—Mrs. Caruso will return to America soon to look after her husband's estate, according to a Rome despatch to the London Times, later returning to Naples to make her home there.
Hundreds of telegrams of sympathy have been received by Mrs. Caruso, the most notable being those of the King and Queen of Italy, the Queen mother and the Duke of Aosta.
NEW DASH FOR THRONE EXPECTED IN AUSTRIA
Rumored Former Emperor Now Is in Hungary.
By the Associated Press.
GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 3.—Unconfirmed reports still persist that the former Emperor Charles of Austria has left Hertenstein secretly and now is in Hungary awaiting a favorable opportunity to launch a coup d'etat.
It is said that Capt. Werkmann, private secretary to Charles, and several of the former monarch's servants already have left for Budapest. It is stated in unusually well informed circles that Charles will make an attempt to regain his throne this month, in spite of the warnings of the Allies.

BRITAIN TO ORDER THE NAVY CONSTRUCTION UNTIL PACT IS MADE
Churchill Says Empire Cannot Sink to Third Rate Power.
TO CUT DOWN TO BONE
Admiralty Secretary Says Four Battle Cruisers Will Be Built.
WILL HAVE 16-INCH GUNS
Government Willing to Curtail Programme in Order to Avoid Competition.
Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Admiralty Secretary, Mr. Winston Churchill, today declared that the British Government would not sink to the third rate power of the United States, and would not cut down to bone the programme of naval construction until a pact was made with the United States.
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INTERNAL REVENUE BUREAU ROCKED BY GRAFT CHARGES; SWEEPING PROBE IS ORDERED
"God Help the Guilty," Says Commissioner Blair, Who Says There Will Be Criminal Actions—Records Falsified to Rob Government of Taxes.
Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 3.—Grafting within the Internal Revenue Bureau by officials and employees who have outside connections with those who use Government tax information for private gain has reached a scandal of such magnitude that Commissioner David H. Blair to-night announced that a probe which will touch every end of the organization of 20,000 employees is under way to purge the bureau of every form of irregularity.
Mr. Blair said the charges were of the most sensational character and will lead to prosecutions in criminal courts. The new probe differs from another investigation ordered some time ago involving improper use of Government tax files by outside alleged "tax experts," and now deeply involves irregularities by officials and employees. Some of the charges allege that Government employees have deliberately falsified the Government records to reduce liability of taxpayers.
"God pity the guilty ones we catch in this search," said Mr. Blair to-night. "We propose to clean up this situation and clear out of the Government service every individual found to have used his time and opportunity in the Government employ to help others rob the Government of tax obligations. This organization is to be placed on a plane above reproach. It matters not to me who is hit by it, we are going to clean house and make a good job of it in order that the Government no longer will have on its payroll in this branch employees who are not thoroughly trustworthy."
Mr. Blair designated his chief assistant, Deputy Commissioner Francis G. Naton, to take full charge, conduct hearings and summon all the legal help he may need to bring the investigation to a speedy conclusion.
Agents of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, led by Special Agent Patrick T. Roche of Chicago, who is in charge of the roundup of the score or more persons named in the indictment with John W. Worthington, or "Whitehouse," as participants in the Post Office robberies and frauds, aggregating \$6,000,000, were searching last night for some stolen bonds which are believed to have been stored in this city.
Roche arrived yesterday from Chicago, bringing with him a certified copy of the indictment. After a conference with Hugh McQuillan, chief of the special intelligence unit of the Internal Revenue Bureau, he set out with Special Agent Walter P. Murphy and Joseph Vick, post office inspector, to locate and seize about \$500,000 worth of stolen Liberty bonds.
According to the information in Roche's possession, the bonds are supposed to be stored either in a deposit vault of a trust company in upper Fifth avenue or in a residence in East Sixty-ninth street. They are said to be part of the \$350,000 obtained by mail thieves who robbed the Dearborn street station in Chicago last April 6.
Liberty Bond a Clue.
Roche also discussed with Assistant United States District Attorney Mattuck the arrest of Arthur M. Goldsmith, proprietor of the President Institute at 165 East Seventy-second street. Goldsmith was held in \$10,000 bail by Commissioner Hittcock on Tuesday, though the Chicago authorities insisted that he be fixed at \$50,000. He is named as one of Worthington's co-conspirators in the handling of the proceeds of the mail robberies. Roche explained that among Worthington's papers was found a \$1,000 Liberty bond which had been sent to Chicago by Goldsmith. The bond, Roche said, was identified as one of those stolen from the Dearborn street station, and the fact indicated that Goldsmith was in some way connected with the band of thieves.
The information, according to Roche, was further strengthened by the fact that Goldsmith cashed at Post Office station Y, 1140 Third avenue, this city, a bundle of coupons but from other bonds also carried off by the Dearborn street thieves.
Goldsmith Gave Information.
Roche admitted, on the other hand, that Goldsmith had furnished the Post Office authorities with confidential information which led to the capture of the band that was later found to have stolen \$1,000,000 from the Post Office at Toledo, Ohio. It was because of this information, coupled with the fact that Goldsmith has been proprietor of his private school for the last fifteen years and apparently has been a reputable citizen, that he was released in only \$10,000 bail.
The results of the hunt for the supposedly hidden bonds will be reported to-day to Samuel M. Hittcock, United States Commissioner.
Goldsmith, whose home is at 232 East Sixty-ninth street, declined last night to make any statement, referring all questions to his attorney, Charles H. Griffiths of the firm of Griffiths, Sarafay & Content, of 120 Broadway. Although Goldsmith has held the outwardly innocent position of head of his private school, the Chicago authorities declare that he really was the brains of the New York end of the conspiracy and that he occupied the same position of importance with the gang in this city that Worthington held in Chicago.
CONFESION REVEALS FRAUD ACTIVITIES
Associate of Worthington Details Operation.
Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—What the Federal authorities believe to be a crushing blow at any defense which John W. Worthington, alleged head of a nation wide band of mail robbers, may offer against the charges on which he was indicted came to-day when Joseph W. Stout, broker, made a detailed statement of Worthington's operations to John V. Clinlin, Assistant United States Attorney.
So important was the statement that Mr. Clinlin intimated that Stout would be taken before the Grand Jury immediately as a witness, instead of being held for prosecution. Stout was released on \$10,000 bonds.
Stout's story dates back to 1902, when he was associated with Worthington in the operation of a life insurance company. Worthington, according to the statement, wrecked this, and Stout lost \$20,000 he had invested.
With the object of recovering this loss, Stout said he remained as partner with Worthington in the manipulation which resulted in the creation and wrecking of the Federal National Bank of Chicago and of several small banks in Indiana. The business relations continued until Worthington's recent arrest. Stout said to have discouraged some negotiable paper stolen from mail pouches.
Hardly less vital was the discovery

REVENUE OFFICIALS SEARCH FOR \$50,000 STOLEN BONDS HERE
Chicago Mail Thieves' Loot Believed to Be Stored in Deposit Vault.
GOLDSMITH ONE LINK
Said to Have Cashed Coupons From Securities Taken From Postal Station.
HELD AS CONSPIRATOR
Charged With Directing New York Activities of Nationwide Ring.
Agents of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, led by Special Agent Patrick T. Roche of Chicago, who is in charge of the roundup of the score or more persons named in the indictment with John W. Worthington, or "Whitehouse," as participants in the Post Office robberies and frauds, aggregating \$6,000,000, were searching last night for some stolen bonds which are believed to have been stored in this city.
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Johnson Heywood Open for Brief Engagements
THE many friends of Johnson Heywood, who is in business at 347 Madison avenue, have received by mail the following card:
Mr. Johnson Heywood is pleased to hear that his family is being away for the summer he is open to engagements for week ends or single meals.
Middling peer bridge, golf and other amusements.
Expert drinking done.
Bookings one week in advance.
Telephone.
Daytime, Murray Hill 7437.
Evenings, Yonkers 315 J.
THE NEW YORK HERALD called up Murray Hill 7437, hoping to find out whether Mr. Heywood or some waggish acquaintance had sent out the cards, and what were the results?
"I'm sorry, but Mr. Heywood is not here to-day," said the girl who answered the telephone at the office of Miller, Franklin, Basset & Co., 347 Madison avenue; "he is visiting friends on Long Island."
THEATRE CLUBBING CHARGED TO TIGHE
Restaurant Raider's Victim Tells of Damaged Face and Threat to Crucify.
COP HELD IN \$4,500 BAIL
Magistrate Simpson Says Assault on 100 Pound Woman Was Without Excuse.
John William Black, purchasing agent for a chemical company and formerly a Columbia student, appeared voluntarily yesterday before the Mayor investigating committee and related how he had been beaten by Charles F. Tighe, the "clubber cop," at the Coconut Grove, in the Century Theatre, on February 18, 1919.
Dragged to the West Sixty-eighth street station, against the protest of his companion, Capt. Sheldon Witley, U. S. A., Black testified the pummeling was there continued by policemen until his nose was broken and his head and face torn. Then he was refused counsel, denied the right to telephone to his home and friends and was warned he would be "crucified" if he started trouble because of his treatment.
Because he feared the "police ring," Black testified, he was glad to escape with a \$5 fine and did nothing. The case was never investigated and no action ever taken against Tighe, the witness said. He declared there was no reason or excuse for his arrest, and that he was frightened into silence by the "police power."
Coupled with other evidence gathered by the committee in its investigation of police methods of dealing with citizens, Black's experience "seems to reveal the tactics of a police mafia" in the Police Department, Senator Schuyler M. Meyer said.
Backs Cop Against Citizen.
The evidence all appears to indicate that the Police Department, under Commissioner Enright, backs a policeman against a citizen," the Senator said.
This inquiry, which attracted Black's attention through the press, was started as a result of Tighe's recent exploit in running amuck at a restaurant raid and beating women and children who were bystanders.
Tighe was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate George W. Simpson in the West Side Court on several counts in connection with his clubbing episode and was held in bail for trial. Mrs. Emma Lennon of 561 West Fifth street, Charles E. Green, crippled negro bootblack, and Mrs. Ella Fitzgerald of 323 West Forty-third street related their charges of assault, and on each charge Tighe was held.
Mrs. Catherine Galeaty, who weighs barely 100 pounds, testified that when she and her husband were returning home from a motion picture show Tighe ran out of the Coco cafe, which he had raided, and seizing Galeaty dragged him into a back room. The policeman appeared waving a blackjack and made a motion as if to strike her. She bore her child in her arms. She, and the child, were likewise pulled into the room. In the rear of the saloon and kept there for an hour with twenty-five others. She testified that the policeman appeared to be intoxicated. The total bail fixed was \$4,500.
"There is no excuse nor justification for the assault and arrest of Mrs. Galeaty," Magistrate Simpson said.
Black Details Tighe's Attack.
Black said he had been employed for three years by the National Aniline and Chemical Company. He is married and has one child. With Capt. Witley, visiting from Alabama, Black went to the Coconut Grove on the evening in February, 1919. They were waiting for an elevator when they saw a man slap a girl's face. The Captain intervened and the man who did the slapping ran away.
"A short, stocky man in citizen's clothes was pushing the Captain back," Black testified. "I thought my guest might get into trouble and I said to the short man, 'There will be no trouble, we are going out.' He demanded to know who I was and I asked him who he was. He said he would show me and called me a vile name. I hit him. He struck me on the head with a blackjack. I did not know he was an officer; in fact, I thought he was a holdup man. He hit me several times and I went down. I was stunned. He kept on beating me on the foot. Capt. Witley stepped in and took some blows across his arm. Then the short man said I was under arrest. That was the first I knew he was a policeman."
Black was shown photographs and identified a picture of Tighe as the man who had beaten him. On the way to the station house, Black testified, he was "punched and beaten" by Tighe and called me a vile name.
Continued on Second Page.
When you think of writing, think of WITTING—Ad.

GILROY, EX-TAMMANY MAN, CHOSEN TO FILL FUSION TICKET GAP
Erstwhile Mayor's Nephew Is Lawyer and Beat Murphy's Assembly Candidacy in 17th District.
PLATFORM NEXT MOVE
La Guardia Fires \$6,000 and \$3,800 Aids Who Refuse to Support His Candidacy for Mayoralty.
IS CRITICISED BY CURRAN
Miss Boswell for Register in N. Y. County—Selections for Borough Presidents Are Being Discussed.
Before the Republican-Coalition steering committee had completed its city ticket yesterday by the selection of Vincent Gilroy, an enrolled Democrat, but anti-Tammany lawyer, nephew of former Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy, as the candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, came the first explosion in the coming primary fight.
When it had subsided two Republican district leaders, who would not undertake to promise the support of their organization to F. H. La Guardia in his candidacy for the mayoralty nomination, had been lifted out of good jobs in his office as President of the Board of Aldermen. Immediately Borough President Henry H. Curran, the Republican-Coalition candidate for the nomination for Mayor, issued this statement:
"In view of what has happened, I want to make it perfectly plain that none of the 2,500 men and women who do the work of my department need worry for a moment as to whether their political opinions and mine agree or not. Whatever they think or however they vote, they will be sure of their positions. All I ask of them is that they show their loyalty to their city by the excellence of their work."
Too Much Like Bossism.
Mr. Curran said an injury had been done to the city service by Mr. La Guardia's action.
"If city officials are to put their personal political ambitions ahead of the good of the service we are in a bad way indeed," said Mr. Curran. "Least of all should such a thing be the work of one who spends most of his time denouncing the bosses. It looks as though he were a boss in the office of the President of the Board of Aldermen."
It practically has been settled that Miss Helen Varick Boswell, vice-chairman of the Republican County Committee, will be named as the anti-Tammany candidate for Register of New York county.
Conferences were in progress yesterday on the selection of candidates for Borough Presidents in the five boroughs, who, with the Mayor, the Comptroller and the President of the Board of Aldermen, make up the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. In these nominations the Independents will cooperate with the Republicans. It is practically certain that George Cromwell, Republican, will run again for head of the Borough of Richmond, a place he held for two terms.
Printer a Manhattan Favorite.
Ernest F. Elliot, head of the Printers Association and former member of the Board of Education, is the man most seriously talked of for President of the Borough of Manhattan, although Clarence H. Fay is not out of the running. Both are Republicans.
In Brooklyn, Col. Sydney Grant, commander of the Thirtieth Heavy Artillery, is a lawyer, Sheriff John Drescher and George W. Baker, shoe manufacturer, are the leading candidates, with the first name distinctly in the lead. All are Republicans.
William J. Millard, for sixteen years an Assistant Corporation Counsel, part of the time in charge of the Bureau of Penalties, a former Progressive, is the leading candidate for President of the Borough of The Bronx. Some consideration is being given to the name of Thomas F. Gilleran, Independent Democrat and former Independence League. In Queens, Sheriff John Drescher and George W. Baker, shoe manufacturer, are the leading candidates, with the first name distinctly in the lead. All are Republicans.
The Bronx also may put a woman on the anti-Tammany ticket. She is Mrs. D. Appleton Palmer, organizer of the

How to Save Time When Looking for Furnished Rooms
You will not only find just the Furnished Room you want but you will save footpaths and temper, too, by looking over the "Furnished Rooms To Let" columns in THE HERALD'S Want Ad Pages. The Better-Sort of places are advertised there. See Next to Last Page.
THE NEW YORK HERALD
TELEPHONE CHELSEA 4000.